



**45612702**  
Edition 1  
July 2008

## **Air Drill**

**6A Series**

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# **Maintenance Information**



**Save These Instructions**

 **Ingersoll Rand**

 **WARNING**

**Always wear eye protection when operating or performing maintenance on this tool.**

**Always turn off the air supply and disconnect the air supply hose before installing, removing or adjusting any accessory on this tool or before performing any maintenance on this tool.**

**Note:** When reading the instructions, refer to exploded diagrams in parts Information Manuals when applicable (see under Related Documentation for form numbers).

### Lubrication

Each time a Series 6A Drill is disassembled for repair or replacement of parts, lubricate the tool as follows:

1. Moisten all O-rings with O-ring lubricant.
2. Work approximately 1.5 cc of **Ingersoll Rand** No. 67 Grease into the Rear Rotor Bearing (18), Front Rotor Bearing (24) and the Spindle Bearing (41).

### Disassembly

#### General Instructions

1. Do not disassemble the tool any further than necessary to replace or repair damaged parts.
2. Whenever grasping a tool or part in a vise, always use leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws to protect the surface of the part and help prevent distortion. This is particularly true of threaded members and housings.
3. Do not remove any part which is a press fit in or on a subassembly unless the removal of that part is necessary for repairs or replacement.
4. Do not disassemble the Tool unless you have a complete set of new gaskets and O-rings for replacement.

#### Disassembly of the Gearing

1. **For L, M, R or S ratio**, loosen the Pinch Bolt (50) and remove the Dead Handle Assembly (49) and Handle Adapter (48).
2. Remove the Drill Chuck (47) by inserting the Chuck Key in one of the holes in the Chuck and tapping the Key sharply with a hammer.
3. Being careful not to distort the Motor Housing (1), grasp the flats on the Housing in leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws with the Gear Case (40) facing upward.
4. Using a wrench on the flats of the Gear Case, loosen, but do not remove the Gear Case.

**NOTICE**

**In the following step, be sure to hold the tool over a workbench so that you will not drop or lose parts.**

5. Remove the tool from the vise and, while holding the tool horizontally, carefully unscrew the Gear Case and pull it away from the Motor Housing.
6. Using snap ring pliers, remove the Gear Retainer (31).
7. **For D ratio**, remove the Drive Plate (33).
8. **For H, J, JJ, K or M ratio**, the Rotor Pinion (32) may come out with the Gear Case, or it may have remained with the Rotor (20) when the Gear Case was removed. Remove the Rotor Pinion.
9. **For R or S ratio**, remove the Gear Head Planet Gear Assembly (36), Gear Head (35) and Gear Head Spacer (34).
10. **For M ratio**, remove the Gear Head Planet Gear (37), Gear Head Planet Gear Bearing (38), Gear Head (35) and Gear Head Spacer (34).
11. Remove the Spindle Planet Gear Assembly (28) or Spindle Planet Gear (29).
12. Push the Spindle from the Gear Case.
13. If it is necessary to remove the Spindle Bearing (41) from the front of the Gear Case, use a pair of internal snap ring pliers to remove the Spindle Bearing Retainer (43). Remove the Bearing Seal (42).
14. Do not remove the Spindle Bearing from the Gear Case unless it is absolutely necessary and you have a new bearing for replacement. If you must remove the bearing from the Gear Case, position the Gear Case vertically in an arbor press, internally threaded end facing upward. Using a 3/4" (19 mm) diameter brass rod against the bearing, press the Spindle Bearing from the Gear Case.

3. Work approximately 6 cc to 8 cc of **Ingersoll Rand** No. 67 Grease into the D, H, J, JJ, K or L ratio gear train and 10 cc to 12 cc of **Ingersoll Rand** No. 67 Grease into the M, R or S ratio gear train. Grease the Planet Gear Bearings (28, 30, 36 and 38), the gear teeth inside the Gear Case (39) and the planet gear shafts on the Spindle (26) and Gear Head (35).

14. Tap the front end of the Gear Case on a workbench to remove the Grease Shield (44).
15. Remove the end and Seal Support (27) from the Spindle.
16. If the Grease Shield Retainer (45) must be removed, insert a thin blade screwdriver under the tab, and rotary motion, spiral the Retainer out of the groove in the Gear Case.

#### Disassembly of the Motor

1. Grasp the splined end of the Rotor (20) in leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws and pull the assembled motor from the Motor Housing (1).
2. Remove the Rear End Plate Gasket (15) from the Motor Housing.
3. Using a wrench, unscrew and remove the Rear Rotor Bearing Retaining Nut (16).
4. Remove the Rotor from the vise and remove the Bearing Thrust Washer (17), Rear End Plate (19), Cylinder (22) and Vanes (21).
5. Check the Front Rotor Bearing (24) for damage or roughness. If replacement is necessary, support the Front End Plate (23) between two blocks of wood on the table of an arbor press. Using a flat face punch on the inner ring, tap the Bearing out of the End Plate.

#### Disassembly of the Pistol Grip Motor Housing

1. Carefully grasp the Motor Housing (1) in leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws so that the handle is upward.
2. Unscrew and remove the Inlet Bushing Assembly (8).
3. Remove the Muffler Assembly (11) and Muffler O-ring (12) from the Muffler Assembly.
4. Withdraw the Air Strainer Screen (9), Throttle Valve Spring (7) and Throttle Valve (6) from the housing handle.
5. Withdraw the Trigger Assembly (3).
6. Remove the Muffler Element (13).
7. **For R or S ratios**, remove the Muffler Element (14).

**NOTICE**

**In the following step, only remove the Throttle Valve Seat (5) when replacing it or when the Trigger Bushing (2) must be replaced.**

8. To remove the Throttle Valve Seat, insert a wire hook through the central hole of the Seat and hooking the underside of the Seat, pull the Seat out of the Motor Housing.
9. Before removing the Trigger Bushing (2), all Seals and components must be removed from the Motor Housing.
  - a. Grasp the Motor Housing in copper-covered vise jaws with the Trigger Bushing upward.

 **CAUTION**

**In the following step, apply enough heat to warm the Housing, but do not exceed 200°F. Do not apply heat directly to the Skinsulate covering. Take all precautions necessary to avoid being burned during the following procedure**

- b. Using a torch, apply heat to the Motor Housing around the Bushing.
- c. Thread a 10-32 tap into the Bushing and pull the Bushing out of the Housing with the tap.

## Assembly

### General Instructions

1. Always press on the **inner** ring of a ball-type bearing when installing the bearing on a shaft.
2. Always press on the **outer** ring of a ball-type bearing when installing the bearing in a bearing recess.
3. Whenever grasping a tool or part in a vise, always use leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws. Take extra care with threaded parts and housings.
4. Always clean every part and wipe every part with a thin film of oil before installation.
5. Apply a check every bearing lubricant to all O-rings before final assembly.
6. Check every bearing for roughness. If an open bearing must be cleaned, wash it thoroughly in a suitable cleaning solution and dry with a clean cloth. **Sealed or shielded bearings should never be cleaned.** Work grease thoroughly into every open bearing before installation.

### Assembly of the Pistol Grip Motor Housing

1. If the Trigger Bushing (2) was removed, proceed as follows:
  - a. Put a few drops of Loctite® No. 601 Sealant on the end of a thin stick and insert the stick into the trigger bushing hole of the Motor Housing. Work the stick so that the Sealant flows against the shoulder inside the Housing.
  - b. Insert the Trigger Bushing into the Motor Housing (1) to a depth approximately one-half the length of the Bushing.
  - c. Put a few drops of Loctite No. 601 Sealant in the counterbore surrounding the outside diameter of the Bushing.
  - d. Rotate the Bushing approximately 180 degrees to make certain the Sealant makes complete contact around the outside of the Bushing.
  - e. Push the Bushing into the Housing until it bottoms against the shoulder inside the Housing.
  - f. Allow the Sealant to cure for eight hours at room temperature.
2. Carefully grasp the Motor Housing in leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws, inlet end facing upward.
3. If the Throttle Valve Seat (5) was removed, use a flat-faced rod 1/2" (13 mm) in diameter by 3" (76 mm) long to push the Seat into the Motor Housing until it seats.
4. Press the Trigger (3) onto the grooved end of the Trigger Pin so that it is at right angles to the hole in the opposite end of the Pin.
5. Insert the Trigger Assembly into the Trigger Bushing so that the hole in the Trigger Pin aligns dead center with the hole in the Throttle Valve Seat.
6. **For R and S ratios**, work the Muffler Element (14) into the exhaust cavity in the handle of the Motor Housing.
7. Fold or roll the Muffler Element (13) and work it into the exhaust cavity in the handle of the Motor Housing.
8. Using needle nose pliers to hold the short stem end of the Throttle Valve (6), install the Valve inserting the long stem end through the hole in the Throttle Valve and Trigger Pin.
9. Place the Air Strainer Screen (9), closed end first, inside the large end coil of the Throttle Valve Spring (7).
10. Insert the Throttle Valve Spring and Screen, small coil end first, so that the Spring encircles the end of the Throttle Valve.
11. Apply a thin coat of O-ring lubricant to the Muffler O-ring (12) and install the O-ring on the hub of the Muffler (11).
12. Install the Inlet Bushing Spacer (10) in the large hole in the Muffler Assembly (11).
13. Place the Muffler Assembly on the face of the handle so that the hub with the Muffler O-ring extends into the handle.
14. Thread the Air Inlet Bushing (8) into the large hole in the Muffler Assembly. Tighten the Bushing to a minimum of 26 ft-lb (35 Nm) torque.

### Assembly of the Motor

1. If the Rear Rotor Bearing (18) was removed, use a sleeve that contacts the outer ring of the Rear Rotor Bearing and press the Rear Rotor Bearing into the Rear End Plate (19).

2. Place the Rear End Plate, bearing end trailing, on the threaded hub of the Rotor (20). Insert a 0.001" feeler gauge or shim between the face of the Rotor and End Plate. Place the Bearing Thrust Washer (17) on the threaded hub of the Rotor. Thread the Rear Rotor Bearing Retaining Nut (16) onto the hub of the Rotor and tighten it until the feeler gauge has a slight drag during removal. Remove the feeler gauge.

#### NOTICE

**The Rotor must spin freely while holding the End Plate.**

3. Lightly grasp the threaded hub of the Rotor in leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws with the splined hub upward.
4. Wipe each Vane (21) with a film of light oil and place a Vane in each slot in the Rotor.
5. Looking down the axis of the Rotor and Cylinder (39), position the Cylinder over the Rotor with the cylinder dowel hole at twelve o'clock, the notch in cylinder face at ten o'clock and the two slots in the side of the Cylinder at two o'clock. Place the Cylinder down over the Rotor and Vanes and against the Rear End Plate.
6. Push the Front Rotor Bearing (24) into the recess in the Front End Plate (23).

#### NOTICE

**Before pressing the Bearing onto the rotor shaft in the next step, align the cylinder dowel hole in the Rear End Plate, Cylinder and Front End Plate. After pressing the Bearing onto the shaft, lightly rap the end of the splined hub with a plastic hammer to relax the load on the Bearing. The Rotor must rotate in the Bearing without drag.**

7. Remove the assembled Rotor from the vise and using a sleeve that contacts the inner ring of the Front Rotor Bearing, press the Bearing, flat side of the Front End Plate first, onto the rotor shaft.
8. Position the Rear End Plate Gasket (15) in the bottom of the motor housing bore so that the dowel hole and air inlet port in the Gasket align with the dowel hole and air inlet in the housing bore face.
9. Using an assembly dowel 3/32" in diameter by 10" long (2.3 mm x 254 mm), align the dowel holes in the Front End Plate, Cylinder and Rear End Plate. Insert the assembly rod through the aligned holes so that about 3" (76 mm) of the rod extends beyond the Rear End Plate. Insert the extension into the dowel hole at the bottom of the housing bore, and slide the motor into the Motor Housing until it seats.
10. Withdraw the assembly dowel and insert the Cylinder Dowel (25) until the Cylinder Dowel is slightly below the surface of the Front End Plate.

### Assembly of the Gearing

1. Stand the Gear Case (39), end with the flats upward, on a workbench.
2. If the Shield Retainer (45) was removed, install it in the second groove below the front face of the Gear Case.
3. Place the Grease Shield (44) in the Gear Case so that it butts against the Shield Retainer.
4. Using a sleeve that contacts the outer ring of the Bearing, press the Spindle Bearing (41) into the Gear Case until it butts against the Grease Shield. Install the Spindle Bearing Seal (42).
5. Using snap ring pliers, install the Spindle Bearing Retainer (43) against the Bearing Seal and into the groove in front of the Spindle Bearing.
6. Turn the Gear Case over so that the internal threaded end faces upward.
7. Install the Seal Support (27), large end first, over the hub of the Spindle (26).
8. Slide the Spindle into the Gear Case, threaded end first, until the Seal Support contacts the inner ring of the Spindle Bearing.
9. **For D ratio**, align the three holes in the Drive Plate (33) with the spindle pins and install the Drive Plate on the pins of the Spindle.

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10. **For H Ratio**, push the Spindle Planet Gear Bearings (30) into the Spindle Planet Gears (29). Grease the assembled Spindle Planet Gears and Bearings and install them on the pins of the Spindle.
11. **For J, JJ, K, L, M, R or S ratio**, grease the bearings and gears of the Spindle Planet Gear Assemblies (28) and install them on the pins of the Spindle.
12. **For M, R or S ratio**, install the Gear Head Spacer (34) in the Gear Case against the Spindle Planet Gears.
13. **For M, R or S ratio**, grease the splined hub of the Gear Head (35) and insert it into the Gear Case. The splined hub must pass through the Gear Head Spacer and mesh with the teeth of the Spindle Planet Gears.
14. **For M ratio**, push the Gear Head Planet Gear Bearings (38) into the Gear Head Planet Gears (37). Grease the assembled Gear Head Planet Gears and Bearings and install them on the pins of the Gear Head.
15. **For R or S ratio**, grease the bearings and gears of the Gear Head Planet Gear Assemblies (36) and install them on the pins of the Gear Head.
16. **For H or J ratio**, grease the Rotor Pinion (32) and install it in the center of the Spindle Planet Gears. Make certain the teeth of the Pinion and Planet Gears mesh.  
For M ratio, grease the Rotor Pinion (32) and install it in the center of the Gear Head Planet Gears. Make certain the teeth of the Pinion and Planet Gears mesh.

17. Using snap ring pliers, install the Gear Retainer (31) in the shallow internal groove in the Gear Case behind the Drive Plate, Spindle Planet Gears or Gear Head Planet Gears.
18. Thread the assembled Gear Case onto the assembled Motor Housing until it is hand tight. Make certain the gear teeth on the Spindle mesh with the gear teeth of the Rotor Pinion, Gear Head Planet Gears or Spindle Planet Gears.

**NOTICE**

**After hand tightening the Gear Case, run the motor at free speed on low air pressure while final tightening the Gear Case. Listen while tightening to make certain the gears mesh properly.**

19. Tighten the Gear Case between 30 and 35 ft-lb (41 and 47 Nm) torque.
20. **For D, H, J, JJ, K or L ratio**, install one Drill Chuck Spacer (46) onto the drill spindle.  
**For M, R or S ratio**, install two Drill Chuck Spacers (46) onto the drill spindle.
21. Thread the Drill Chuck (47) onto the drill spindle and tighten.
22. **For L, M, R or S ratio**, install the Dead Handle Adapter (48) and Dead Handle Assembly (49) onto the front end of the Gear Case. Tighten the Pinch Bolt (50) between 10 and 20 in. lb (1.4 and 2.3 Nm) torque.

### Troubleshooting Guide

Trouble	Probable Cause	Solution
Loss of Power	Low air pressure	Check air supply. For top performance, the air pressure must be 90 psig (6.2 bar/620 kPa).
	Plugged Air Strainer Screen or Inlet Screen	Clean the Air Strainer or Screen in a clean, suitable cleaning solution. If the Screen cannot be cleaned, replace it.
	Clogged Muffler or Exhaust Silencer	Clean the Muffler Element in a clean, suitable cleaning solution. If it cannot be cleaned, replace it.
	Worn or broken Vanes	Replace a <b>complete</b> set of Vanes.
	Damaged Rear End Plate Gasket	Install a new Rear End Plate Gasket.
	Worn or broken Cylinder	Replace the Cylinder if it is cracked or if the bore appears wavy or scored.
Leaky Throttle Valve	Improper lubrication or dirt build-up	Clean the Motor Unit parts and lubricate them as instructed.
	Worn Throttle Valve and/or Throttle Valve Seat	Install a new Throttle Valve and/or Throttle Valve Seat.
Gear Case gets hot	Dirt accumulation on Throttle Valve and/or Throttle Valve Seat	Pour about 3 cc of a clean, suitable cleaning solution into the air inlet and operate the tool for about 30 seconds. <b>Immediately</b> , pour 3 cc of the recommended oil into the air inlet and operate the tool for 30 seconds to lubricate all the cleaned parts.
	Excessive grease	Clean and inspect Gear Case and gearing parts and lubricate as instructed.
	Worn or damaged parts	Clean and inspect the Gear Case and Gearing. Replace worn or broken components.

### Related Documentation

For additional information refer to:  
 Product Safety Information Manual 04580353.  
 Product Information Manual 03539707.  
 Parts Information Manual 45612694.

Manuals can be downloaded from [www.irtools.com](http://www.irtools.com).

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